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THE ELECTRIC DECADE

Discover how electrification technologies support the EU's climate goals

1st JOINT ONLINE WORKSHOP of Horizon Europe projects

17th of January 2024 | 9.00- 12.00 CET



STORMING PROJECT

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STORMING

STructured unconventional reactors for CO₂-fRee **M**ethane catalytic crack**ING**

HORIZON-CL5-2021-D2-01-09: Methane cracking to usable hydrogen and carbon
HORIZON-WIDERA-2022-ACCESS-07 (2nd cut-off)

Starting date: 1^o September 2022


Project duration: 36 months

Budget: 3 125 714.75 Euro

305 833.00 Euro for UK partner

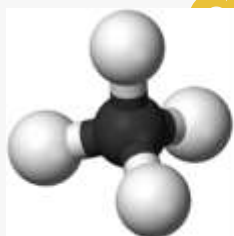
STORMING CONSORTIUM



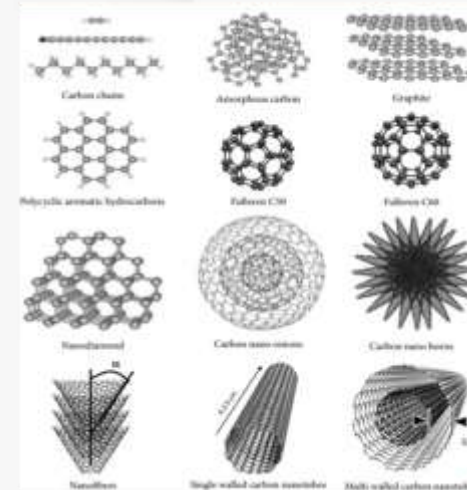
 Highly complementary and interdisciplinary consortium






Decarbonization of H₂ production by bio(methane) decomposition



Carbon black



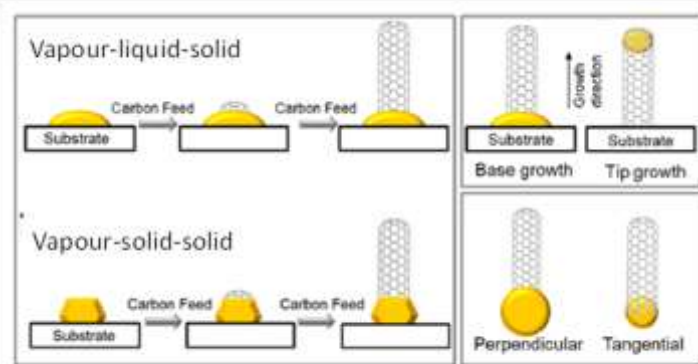
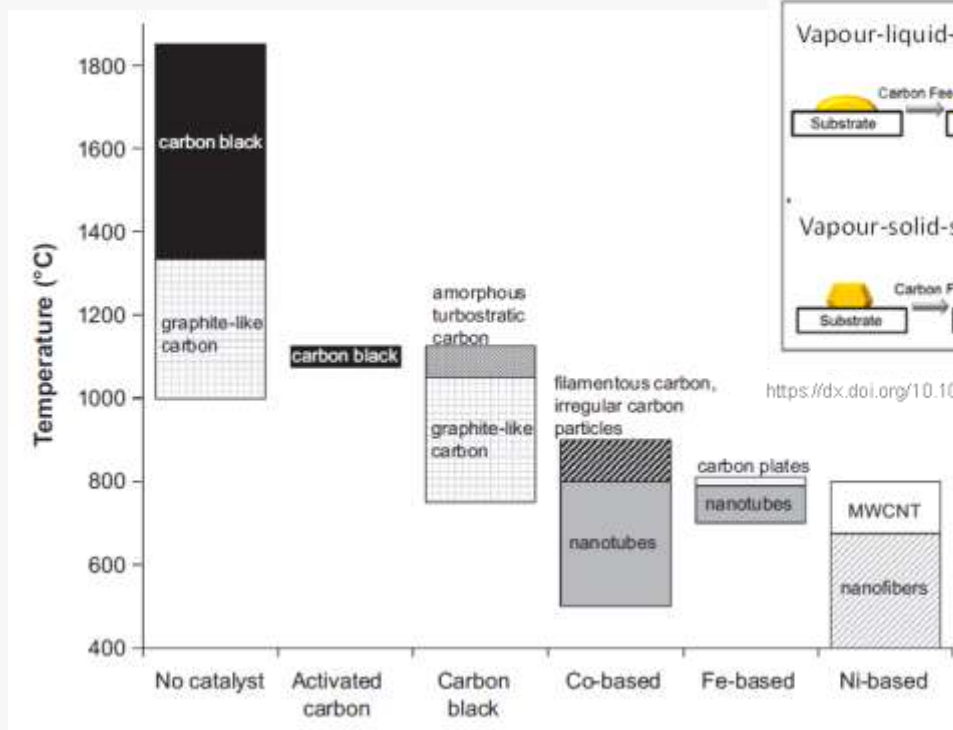
	Reactor type	Temp	Regeneration	Type Carbon	Energy	Development Status	
	BASF ^a	Moving bed carbon granules	1000°C-1400°C	Carbon recycling	Black carbon	Renew. electr. Electrodes	Pilot plant
	Monolith ^b	Plasma reactor	Ca. 2000°C		Carbon black	Renew.energy	Commercial
	C-Zero ^c	Liquid bubble column reactor	900-1000°C		Carbon black		Pilot plant
	Hazer ^d	Fluidised Bed	900°C	No	graphite	Renew. Electr.	Commercial
	Hycamite ^e	Fixed bed Fluidized bed	500-800 °C	n.a.	Several allotropes	H ₂ , renew. electricity	Test facility



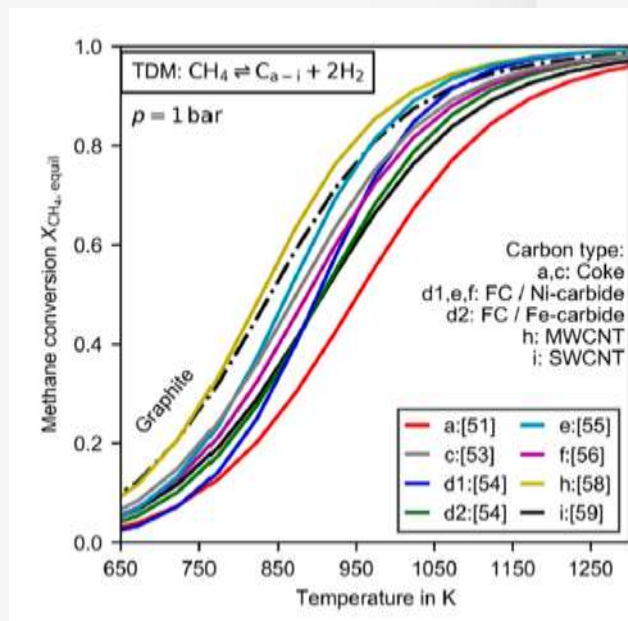
Catalytic Methane decomposition



Type of carbon depends on reaction conditions and catalyst



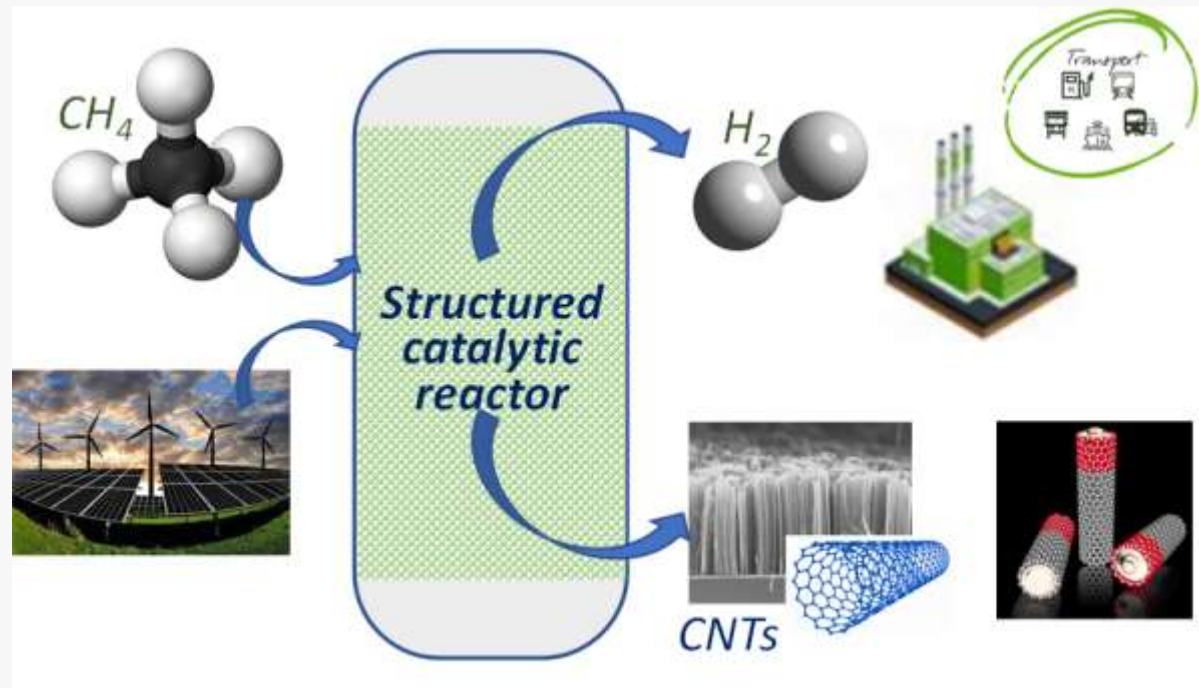
<https://dx.doi.org/10.1021/acs.chemrev.9b00835>



Challenges:

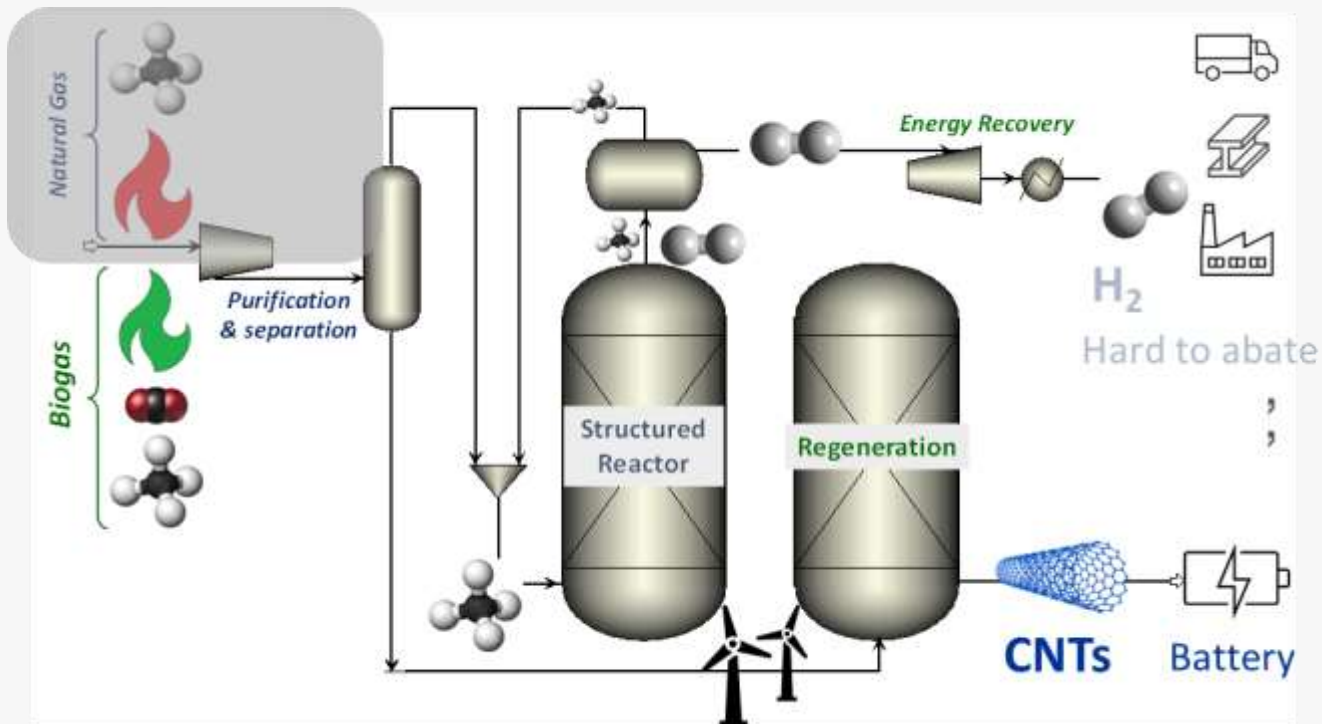
- Carbon has a twofold deactivation effect:
 - Deactivation catalytic sites
 - Clogging of the reactor
- Heat transfer

Structured unconventional reactors for CO₂-free Methane catalytic cracking



To develop breakthrough **structured catalytic reactors** powered by **renewable electricity** to simultaneously produce CO₂-free or CO₂-negative H₂ and high-quality carbon nanotubes, CNTs, in a **continuous technology** that could be deployed in a sustainable manner.

Production of **captive H₂** (on-site production) and the **capture of C** from the CH₄ as **CNTs**, an economic credit that reduces the delivered net cost of H₂.



Early-stage breakthrough **catalytic technologies powered by renewable energy** to

- ↳ overcome CH₄ cracking **challenges**
- ↳ match with the final **H₂ application**, the type of **feedstock**, and the **supply of renewable energy**
- ↳ be easily and quickly scalable to produce H₂ at similar prices to those of grey H₂

Catalysts and catalytic reactors operating in a **continuous mode** with maximized efficiency.

Parallel reactors: cyclic mode

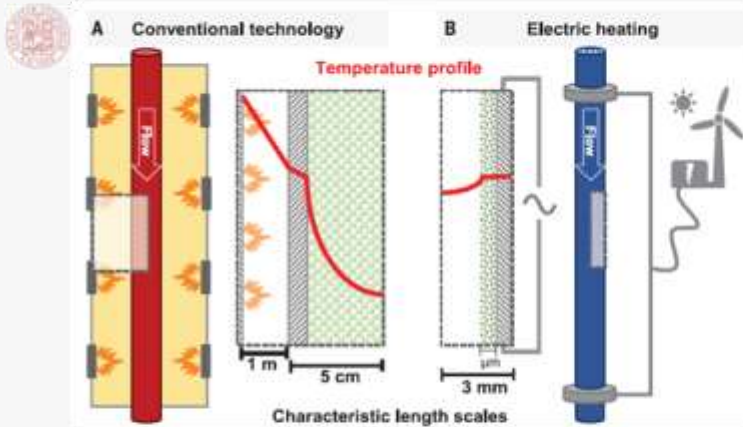


Heat transfer:

Electrified reactors

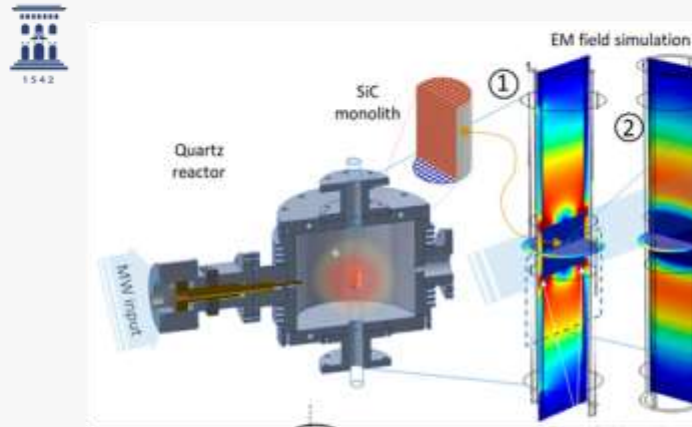
Three complementary **structured** catalytic reactors powered by **renewable energy**

Joule heated fixed bed



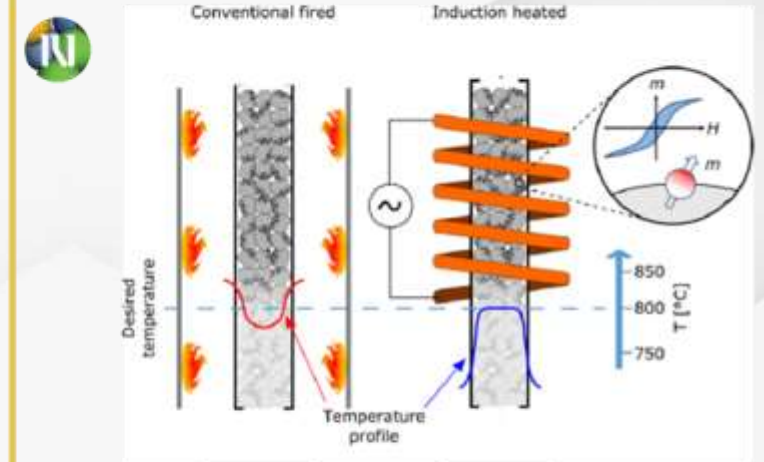
- Heat generated by passing a current through a **resistive** material.
- Avoid wall effect and few to no thermal gradients.

Microwave heated fluidized bed



- Selective **dielectric** heating of catalytic materials.
- Gas-solid temperature control

Induction heated fluidized bed



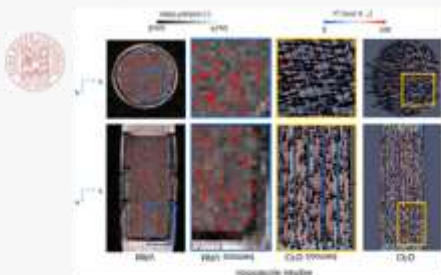
- Selective heating of **electrically conductive** and **ferromagnetic** materials.
- Fast heating, enhance heat transfer.

Fe-based structured catalysts or materials

CSIC DTU



vito



Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD)

Devices with **advanced design**, **easy production**, and **high adaptation**.

Combination of **geometry** and **composition** to better **control**:

- Heating:
 - Resistance for Joule Heating
 - Dielectric properties to absorb MWs
 - Ferromagnetic materials for Induction Heating
- Pressure drop
- Heat and mass transfer
- Mechanical stability
- Activity

Complex process dynamics

Smart rational design

Fe-based catalysts selective for CNTs growth

- ↳ non-toxic & easily available
- ↳ more active and stable at high temperature than Ni

Chemical scissor protocols (waste-free) to **harvest** CNTs and **regenerate** the catalyst

DTU

Finden

DTU

DTU

STORMING

Impacts **STORMING** technology



Switching to **renewable energy**



Improved energy efficiency (60 % efficiency, > 95 % considering CNTs) & **Selectivity** (100% H₂)

Directly heat the catalyst

Accurate thermal control

Operate at < 800°C no side-products



Process intensification



Operating under **transient conditions** (quick start-up and shut-down) determined by supply (feedstock, renewable energy)/demand requirements.



Avoid **GHG emissions** (CO₂ and NO_x)



10 % decrease cost than SMR + CCS



STORMING

Heavy-transport

↳ Fuel cell



Hard to abate industry

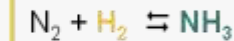
High temperature heat
Combustion



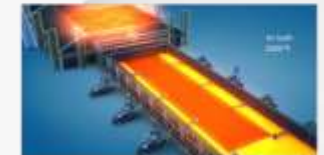
Steel manufacturing
Brightening (DRI)



Chemical companies

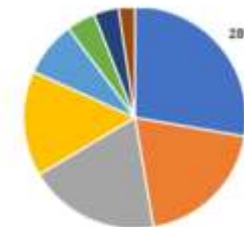


Float glass
Tin bath



(MW)CNTs for **batteries** to replace graphite (CRM)
MWCNTs prize in current market (from 0.4 to 285 US\$ /g)

Global Carbon Nanotubes Market Share, By Application, 2022

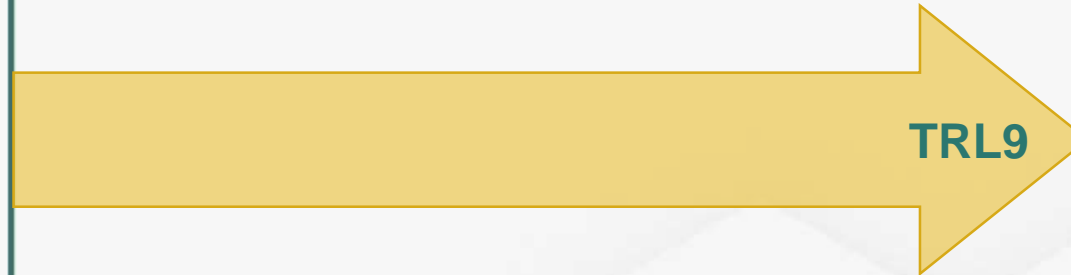
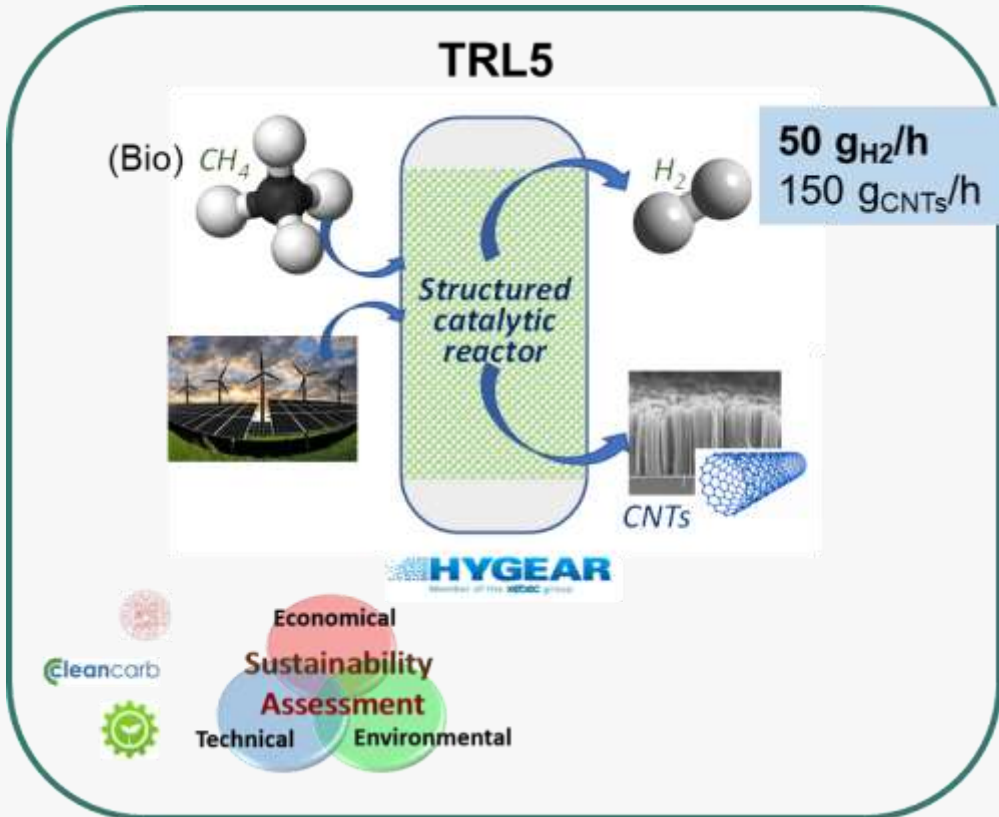


■ Aerospace and Defense ■ Batteries ■ Electricals & Electronics
 ■ Chemical & Polymers ■ Automotive ■ Others
 ■ Energy ■ Medical

Source: www.gminsight.com

Pathway to TRL9

Indicate the end TRL of your project. Once your project will be over, what is needed to achieve the consortium vision?
TO BE FINISHED



Fixed bed reactor
~100-1000 kg H_2 /d

Fluidized bed reactor
~100'-10000 kg H_2 /d

Validation of the most promising catalytic technology

Thank you for your attention!



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